BROKEN BOW. - - NEBRASKA

Health of School Children. The medical inspection of school children-a subject now provoking general discussion in this country, and particularly in this city-is the topic of a book recently published in London, "The Health of the School Child," by Dr. W. Leslie Mackenzie. Ii notes that in England, as in certain countries on the continent (and here also, we may add), the physical examination of children is "no longer coming two years. The deficiencies a question of doubtful politics;" it came as a decided surprise, inasmuch has "passed into the region of administration." A point of great practical interest which he brings out is that, by a little cooperation among the teachers, the amount of work thrown on the doctors and the consequent cost of the inspection may be considerably lightened. Dr. Kerr, for example, of the London county council, "found that, with a little care, the teachers were able to find out almost all the children that suffered from eye defects." This testimony will not surprise casual and unofficial school visitors-among whom we reckon our- it became necessary to have money to selves-who are often amazed at the Indifference of teachers to defects of bill was introduced until the new apsight or hearing that are a manifest propriation became available. The dehandicap to pupils. Boys and girls ficiencies reported by the various who are half-blind or deaf will move state institutions for which appropriaslowly from grade to grade, without a word of warning to parent or guardian from the unobservant teacher. We hope that the growing attention to this matter will, even where there is no formal medical inspection,

How intensely practical and sensible is much of the modern missionary work is shown by Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell, the medical missionary of the Labrador coast. In a recent address descriptive of his work he said, "We paid more attention to benefiting the poverty-ridden people by aiding in their physical welfare than by preaching and prayer. We established hospitals to care for the sick, opened stores where clothing and food and tobacco could be obtained at a lower price and of a better quality than in The doubt as to the validity of the the regular stores. We helped to act is occasioned because there is no the Sofdiers' Home at Milford was teach the fishermen more about their direct declaration that the proposibusiness of fishing and the conditions under which they lived, and how they could better the conditions; and by so doing we accomplished a greater good than might have been wrought by a host of preaching and praying is not known what effect the bill will treasurer and talked as though he missionaries who ignore men's bodies have. Attorney General Thompson is did not like the idea of being torn in the cure of their souls."

quicken teachers to a duty that is too

often neglected.

recently returned from Venezuela reports that soon after he reached Caracas he was arrested on the charge of violating a law which forbids foreign clergymen to enter the country. Through the intercession of the American consul he was released on the promise that he would leave within seven days. The reason for excluding clergymen is not evident, for ministers of the gospel are rarely inciters of revolution, at home or abroad.

Women in Great Britain are well represented in the professions and Complaints have reached Attorney trades, and about 4,500,000 earn their own living. There are 124,000 who teach; 10 000 are bookbinders; over 3,000 are printers, and nearly 500 act as editors and compilers; 1,300 are engaged in photography; civil service clerks number nearly 2,300; 3,800 are engaged in medical work and nursing and 350 women are blacksmiths.

The conductor of a Boston street car who returned \$5,869 to a woman will advise bringing suit against the who had lost it in his car was rewarded with a smile. Boston must have remarkable street cars. Is there one in any other city where a passenger could smile, even when handed \$5,-869? And it shows, too, that there are women in Boston who can smile.

Among the interesting things shown in the Longfellow exhibit in the Cambridge public library, in honor of the hundredth anniversary of the poet's birth, was the first manuscript of "Excelsior." The poem was written on an invitation, the poet evidently having heavily in government bonds owing to used the first piece of paper that came to his hand.

Col. Watterson furthermore remarks that half the people of Spain live on olives and air, while the other half wears cloaks and sombreros. Fortunately the colonel is traveling and taking notes in his private and individual capacity.

A Boston woman who had dropped nearly \$6,000 in a street car rewarded the conductor who restored it to her with a pleasant smile. That is probably more than she would have done for a man who stood up to give her a seat.

If the man who started the story that a Wisconsin citizen had discovered \$5,000 under a carpet thinks he can reconcile any of his fellow sufferers to the approach of house-cleaning, he is vastly mistaken.

The State Capital

M ters of General Interest FROM

Nebraska's Seat of Government

Looking Into Deficiencies.

Members of the boards have been looking into the matter of deficiencies reported by the various institutions and allowed by the legislature, and every effort will be made to prevent any such occurrence during the at it had been reported and the financial statements filed with the governor seemed to indicate that all the institutions with one or two exceptions were running within their appropriations. The deficiencies in state institutions, however, alone amounted to \$93,176,51. This is merely an estimated deficiency, though the legislature allowed it just the same. Neither does it contain the claims which were filed against the state institutions and accompanied by vouchers. The state institutions mentioned below used up the appropriations made by the legislature two years ago and run during the time after the claims

tions were made, fol	lows;
Veterinarian	\$ 300
Norfolk asylum	6,000
Return of fugitives.	
Adjutant general	
Soldiers' home, Milfe	ord 1,300
Department of banki	
Superintendent McBi	
Hastings asylum	22,000
Lincoln asylum	
Home for the Frier	
Auditor's office	
Peru Normal school	
Grand Island Soldler	s' home 3.911
Geneva Industrial so	
Railway commission	500
Industrial school	2,986
Attorney general	600
Salaries Kearney No	rmal school 1 319
	4

Increase to Seven Judges.

Governor Sheldon signed S. F. No. 386, by King of Polk, an act intended to amend the constitution by increasing the number of judges of the supreme court from three to seven. tion to amend shall be submitted to in his cash fund, which he said a vote of the electors of the state, amounted to about \$2,000 a year. Mr. Some say this is not necessary. The act appears to be simply amendatory that only that money received from of the constitution and as the people the sale of property belonging to the must vote on proposed amendment it state shall be remitted to the state inclined to the belief that the propolose from the cash fund. The memsition must be submitted to a vote of bers of the Board of Public Lands An American clergyman who has the people in 1908 under the provi- and buildings, however, take the law sions of the bill. An indirect refer- to mean all money which goes to ence is made in the hill to a vote by the electors of the state, but the title of the bill contains nothing of that nature and is an amendment to the constitution by legislative enactment, which is illegal, neither is there any time mentioned for a submission to a vote, but the date is provided for in the constitution itself.

> The Two-Cent Fare Law. The railroads probably will find an opportunity of testing the 2-cent-fare law without incurring the enmity of an open suit to invalidate the act. General Thompson of the violation of the 2-cent fare act by the Union Pacific on tickets sold between North Platte and Sidney. The road between these two Nebraska points dips Into Colorado for about four miles, and on the strength of this the road insists on selling tickets between the towns at 3 cents per mile. County Attorney Roach of Lincoln county has sent a complaint about the matter and Attorney Thompson says that he

State Loses Government Bonds.

Union Pacific to enforce the 2 cent

passenger rate.

The state of Nebraska has been obliged to give up the only government bonds that it holds, amounting to \$15,000 out of a total investment of about \$7,000,000. Under the coustitution the trust or educational funds can be invested in United States securities, state securities and county bonds issued by counties of the state of Nebraska. It has never been the policy of the state to invest the small rate of interest. The government sent a check for \$15,000.

First to Make Payment.

Superintendent J. T. Morey of the School for the Blind at Nebraska City is the first head of a state institution to pay his cash fund into the state up to March 31.

Purchasing of Supplies.

The new Board of Public Lands and Buildings and the new Board of Purchase and Supplies is revolutionizing the financial conduct of the various state institutions and has started in in accordance with the new commisto do the same thing in the purchase of supplies for the state intitutions. At the last letting some of the bids on | road company, very shortly the comdrugs, varied from 70 cents to \$7 on the same item. The board accepted the lowest bid and notified the bidder that unless he delivered the goods no more bids submitted by him would ite considered.

Mr. Benjamin T. White, head of the Northwestern legal department, and Robt. McGinnis, general agent of the same road at Lincoln, were before PATRONIZING the State Rallway commission for an Interpretation of the prevision in the commission law requiring the railroads to report tonnage on all

Freight Traffic Reports.

through and local freight. Mr. White wanted the board to set out specifically just what was wanted in order wishes of the commission. As a result of the inquiry the commission made an order directing the railroads to report tonnage as follows.

1-On freight which is purely through traffic. That is, freight which, for instance, originates in Council Bluffs and goes through the

state to Denver. 2-That freight which originates in the state and has its destination in

some other state, 3-That freight which originates in some other state and has its destination in Nebraska.

The roads are also required to report the tonnage on all freight which originates and terminates in Nebraska and in addition a report will be asked for covering the amount of the receipts from every road in the state. These reports are to be separate, that is, covering the branch lines and the main lines and the subdivisions of the corporations.

Under the law these reports have to be made by August and Mr. White assured the board his road would endeavor to comply with the request and furnish any information the commission desired that time.

The commission also ordered posted in every railroad station in the state an order calling attention to the sact that under the law no railroad may charge more than 2 cents a mile for tickets to destinations in this state. This order suggests to the purchaser of a ticket that inasmuch as tickets bought to destinations outside of Nebraska the roads may charge 3 cents a mile, as that is interstate business, the purchaser going out of the state should buy his ticket to the Nebraska point nearest the state line and then get off the train and buy a ticket to the station across the line. This would enable him to get the full benefit of the 2-cent fare.

Beemer Turns in Cash Fund.

Warden Beemer of the state penitentiary deposited with the state treasurer \$900, his cash fund, as provided for in a law enacted by the late legislature. Commandant Presson of here also, but he had not yet turned Presson interprets the law to mean make up the cash fund must be turned into the treasury and this is the way the law will be en.orced.

State Cash Funds. State Treasurer Brian has received from Superintendent Morey of the state school for the blind at Nebraska City \$280.45 under the new

law which requires the heads of state institutions to pay into the state treasury all eash derived from the sale of state property, such funds to be drawn out on warrants issued by the state auditor. The state university has long since been required to make such payments and the Kearney industrial school for boys is another institution that has paid in such funds and drawn them out on warrants.

Kennison Can Give Bond.

Kennison, the convicted murderer of Sam D. Cox, who was tried in Scotts Bluff county, has been grant ed a suspension of sentence and his may obtain his liberty upon giving a bond in the sum of \$15,000. The boad asked for has not yet been presented and it is not known whether the defendant will be able to obtain it Unless he does he will be kept in confinement. He is in the peniterthary for safe keeping. If unable to give bend he will probably remain there, but will not be obliged to work

When Appropriations Lapse.

Deputy State Auditor off L. Cook has ruled that bills incurred by the heads of state departments prior to Anril 1 can be drawn on funds atpropriated by the legislature of 1905, but that all such bills must be prosented for allowance by August 1 or they will be thrown in the waste basket. He rules that under the constitution of the state all appropriations really lapse April 1 and not on August 1, but that if the claims are incurred before April I. those protreasury under the new law. He senting them have until the latter turned in \$280.45 as his cash receipts date to get them before the state au-

Illinois Central Balks.

The Illinois Central railroad has netified the State Railway commission that it has so railroad in Nebraska and therefore has no report to make sion law. While the commission has not yet answered the letter of the rail; pany will be notified to hurry along its report and furnish the commission with whatever information it wants. The same notification will be served on the other roads in Nebraska which come into the state over leased lines.

NO VALID REASONS trade with the home merchant, yet if

MAIL ORDER HOUSES IS WITHOUT EXCUSE.

Quality Considered the Home Merchant Does Best.

(Copyrighted, 1996, by Alfred C. Clark.) The reasons why people should business. trade at home are numerous, but so far as we are able to learn but one reason-a saving of money-is often he who sends the money which he earns in the home town out to swell town. the coffers of wealthy dealers in distant cities cannot fall to forfeit in a considerable degree the respect of whom you ask and receive favors. those around him, nor can he under Perhaps you have had a run of ill luck these conditions preserve his selfrespect intact.

trade with. If others bought of him GOODS NOT EVEN CHEAPER fields long ago, or if he had stayed in that his road could conform to the With Freight Charges Added and wouldn't like to live in a place withthe country merchant to carry on

> You must remember, too, that when you send your money to some big conreason is advanced for purchasing cern in a distant city, you lessen the goods of mail order houses. That one amount of money in circulation in your own residence town. If you had no reason at all, for in many instances spent it at the home store, some of the express charges or freight and it at least would have been paid out cartage will bring the cost of an arti- by the proprietor in the form of cle that as quoted in the price list wages to his employes, they in turn seemed a wonderful bargain, almost would have expended it for the necesor quite up to the price charged by sities of life, and it would have passed the local dealer. But even were one from one to another of the home dealable to save a few cents on the pur- ers, proving an important factor in chase price by buying away from the prosperity of the community. Havhome, it appears to us that the loss ing sent it to the mail order house is infinitely more than the gain, for the probabilities are that it will never again benefit anyone in your home

other people followed your example and patronized mail order houses, there would be no home merchant to only when they wanted things in a hurry, and sent out of town for the greater part of their supplies, he would have left for more promising those circumstances, the sheriff would finally have closed his doors. You out stores, and yet it may be that you prefer to reside in a country town rather than in a city. Do your share, then, toward making it possible for

You should trade with the home merchant because he is the one from -you have lost your position, had long-continued illness in the family, or The man who patronizes mail order have experienced difficulty in collecthouses must have a sneaking feeling ling money due you. You are in



The mail-order fiend is encroaching upon our town like a devastating prairie fire, and we should turn to with a will, and by the aid of the hometrade plow run a protecting furrow around the community that will save us and our institutions from destruction. Such is the duty of every loyal resi-

that everybody in town knows that straitened circumstances. Would a he is a hindrance rather than a help letter to the mail order house, stating to the community. He is not wanted all these circumstances, secure for in public positions, and when quest you a supply of the necessaries of tions of local interest and importance life on liberal credit terms? Most asare discussed, his opinion carries far suredly not. An appeal to the propriless weight than the man who con- etors for aid in your extremity would tributes his share to the prosperity of be barren of results. It is the home the community by spending his mon- merchant who stands ready to extend ey where he earns it.

gree the respect of others and his for no other, he should have your own self-respect, the man who does loyal support in your times of prosnothing to build up the town in which | perity: he lives fails to find the contentment which is necessary to happiness. Having done nothing to make the town better, he is unable to see the many tinually talking and thinking of its you enjoy. The proprietors of a mail a discontented parasite, getting all he ward the building of your new church can and giving as little as possible in the improvement of your school buildnature that makes it impossible for your fire department. The home merit, and it is only when we have done to the public comfort and well-being, in which we live that it becomes a from him your patronage. real home to us.

just the articles you desire, but they their customers want, and under orgoods from a mail order house. When you buy of the home merchant, the immediate and pressing, you are

entirely satisfactory. Trade at home in order that your home town may have stores at which to trade. There are many times when you are in a hurry for some article there is no time to send to New York, Chicago, or elsewhere. Your need is immediate and imperative. You are glad under such circumstances to your new spring hat, too.

the credit neecssary to tide you over In addition to losing in a large de- an emergency, and for this reason, if

Perhaps you are financially independent, and have never known the necessity of asking for credit. Even then you are indebted to the home advantages it possesses, and is con- merchant for many of the advantages deficiencies. He does not move out, order house would laugh you to scorn however, but stays on year after year, were you to ask them to subscribe toreturn. There is an unwritten law of ing, or the expenses of maintaining one to really taken an interest in a chant contributes liberally to the supplace until he has done something for port of these institutions so essential our share toward building up the town and you cannot afford to withhold

You know your local dealers. Per-Perhaps the local dealers in country haps they have grown from childhood towns do not always have in stock to manhood in your home town; you were boys together, they have watched are usually willing to order whatever by you in sickness, and comforted you in sorrow, they take a kindly interest dinary circumstances can supply you in your welfare. Do you not prefer as quickly as you can procure the that your trade should increase their small profits rather than add its quota to the millions of dollars annugoods are before you and you see ally sent to the mail order houses? If what you are getting. In buying by the home merchants prosper the town mail there is always a chance that will be a better place in which to when the goods arrive they will not live. Their prosperity will be maniprove to be just what you expected fested by improvements in the appearand desired. In that case you are put ance of their own property, and by to the inconvenience of sending them their increased liberality in contributback for exchange, or if the need is ing toward public improvements, and by helping them by your patronage, obliged to accept that which is not you will also be helping yourself and the entire community.

FRANCES A. HARRIS. Provocation Enough.

Maud (before the laughing byena's cage)-How provoking! Here we've been 20 minutes, and the hyena hasn't laughed once.

EHa-Strange, and he's been eyeing

THIN, NERVOUS PEOPLE NEED THE TONIC TREATMENT.

This Woman Took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, Gained Thirty Pounds and Has Been Well Ever Since.

How many women-and men tooare suffering from a general decline in health which the ordinary remedies seem unable to check! How many husbands see their wives wasting away, steadily losing health and beauty, and are powerless to help! Consumption other germ diseases find in these debilitated systems easy prey, for the lowered vitality is unequal to the task of fighting off the infection of these diseases to which most of us are almost daily ex-

The symptoms indicating the decline which may have results so fatal could scarcely be better described than in the statement of Mrs. William Manley, of 92 Court street, Utica, N. Y. Her case

is a typical one. She says:
"For six months after the birth of my baby, I suffered from sick, dizzy head-aches, which seemed like a rush of blood to my forchead, just back of my eyes. Some days they twitched so I could hardly see and black spots floated before them. The least exertion brought on this sickness. My appetite was poor and I was often sick to my stomach.

"If I tried to work my feet soon became swollen, paining me terribly. I had sinking spells and grew pule and nervous. I was so thin that I weighed only 95 pounds.

"One day when at the drug store to get headache powders I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills instead. I soon noticed that my headache was disappearing and my nerves gradually grew stronger. The pills gave me a hearty appetite and I now weigh over 130 pounds. I believe the pills to be the best tonic and builder a woman can take, as they certainly helped me when my condition was critical and I have never been seriously ill since."

The great value of Dr. Williams' Pink

Pills lies in the fact that they actually make new blood and this carries health and strength to every portion of the body. The stomach is toned up, the nerves are strengthened, every organ is stimulated to do its work.

If you are ill and the treatment you are taking does not cure you, write for proof of what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done in similar cases.

Your druggist sells them or they will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

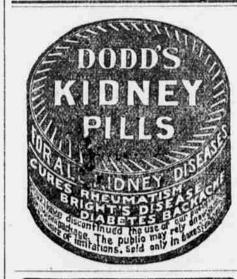
The executive board of the Wesley brotherhood has referred to its general convention to be held in October, 1907, the resolutions from the Brotherhood of St. Paul requesting the appointment of a committee to confer with a similar committee from the St. Paul Brotherhood concerning the unification of Methodist brotherhoods.

Pure! Pleasant! Potent! Three interesting facts about Garfield Tea, the Natural laxative. It is made of Herba and is guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drug

Britons Fond of Theatricals. It is estimated that Great Britain spends \$150,000 a day on theaters.

Lewis Single Binder straight 5c cigar is good quality all the time. Your dealer or good quality all the time. Y Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

It's difficult to make light of the shadow of suspicion.

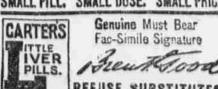


Mica Axle Grease lengthens the life of the wagon - saves horsepower, time and temper. Best lubricant in the world-contains powdered mica which f forms ! a smooth, hard coating on axle, and reduces friction. If you want your outfit to last and earn money while it lasts-grease the axles with Mica Axle Grease. STANDARD OIL COMPANY Incorporated



Positively cured by They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea. rowsiness, Bad Taste n the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORFID LIVER. They

regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.



W. N. U., OMAHA, NO. 17, 1907.